



# PANEL RADIATOR TECHNICAL MANUAL

Assembly



Maintenance



#### CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION	
Introduction	3
Main Components	3
TECHNICAL INFORMATION	
Technical Properties	4
Dimensions	4
Models	6
TYPES	
Standard Types	7
Compact Screw Feeder Types	9
Assembly Accessories	12
WARNINGS	
For Efficient Operation	13
Issues to be Considered during Operation	13
CRITERIA FOR RADIATOR SELECTION	
Pressure Loss	14
Capacities in Different Environment Temperatures	14
Radiator Capacity Factor (F) Table	15
PACKAGE AND TRANSPORTATION	
Palette Package	16
Transportation and Loading	16
PLACEMENT PRINCIPLES	
Recommendations for Suitable Placement	17
Issues to be considered in regards to Comfort	18
Issues to be considered in regards to Radiator Efficiency	19
Recommendations for Radiator-Installation Line Connection	20
ASSEMBLY	
General Information	23
Implementation	23
Hanger Dimensions	24
Assembly Dimensions	25
HEAT – POWER TABLES	27
WARRANTY AND CERTIFICATES	29
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#### INTRODUCTION

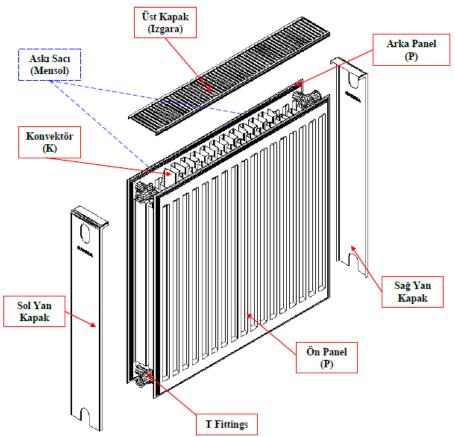
This catalogue includes technical information, the data required for best radiator type selection depending on various placement and operation conditions, placement and assembly recommendations for correct and efficient utilization.

Sanica Panel Radiators are manufactured in modern production lines equipped with computers and high technology in Manisa – AKHİSAR facilities of Sanica with ISO 9001 certificates.

Compliant to TS EN 442-1 standards, Sanica Panel Radiators are being used in the local market commonly and also exported abroad.



#### MAIN COMPONENTS



Askı Sacı (Mensol)	Hanger Plate (Mensol)	
<mark>Üst Kapak (Izgara)</mark>	Upper Cover (Grille)	
Arka Panel (P)	Back Panel (P)	
Sağ Yan Kapak	Right Side Cover	
Ön Panel (P)	Front Panel (P)	
T Fittings	T Fittings	
<mark>Sol Yan Kapak</mark>	Left Side Cover	
Konvektör (K)	Convector (K)	



### **TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

Radiator Panel (P) Sheet	1,11 mm sheet
Convector (K) Sheet	0,31 mm sheet
Cover Sheet	0,50 mm sheet
Panel (P) and Convector (K) Sheet Standard	DIN 10130 – DIN 10131
Maximum Operation Pressure	10 Bar
Test Pressure	13 Bar
Maximum Operation Temperature	110 °C
Radiator Connection Coupling	4 x G ½"
Color	RAL 9016
Paint Specifications	Primer: Epoxy Ester (Melamine Resin Based Water Based Dip
	Primer
	Powder Paint: Epoxy – Polyester (Semi Matt)

#### Dimensions

4 Model	: Standard, With Cover, Compact, Compact with Cover
6 Types	: 10 - 11 - 20 - 21 - 22 - 33
6 Height (mm)	: 300 - 400 - 500 - 600 - 750 - 900
Length (mm)	: from 400 mm to 3000 mm

Sanica Panel radiators are manufactured in 6 different height, 6 different type and length choices from 400 mm to 3000 mm with 800 mm intervals.

Length (mm)	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400
Length (mm)	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000	2100 2200	2300 2400	2500 2600	2700 2800	2900 3000
Nominal (mm)	Height	300	400		500		600	750		900	
Physical (mm)	Height	300	400		500		600	750		900	
Manifold Distance		245	345		445		545	695		845	



#### Surface Cleaning

The surfaces of the radiator have their oil extracted with used nano-technological and ecological chemical agents and the resistance of the sheet is increased with coating properties in the chemical agents used.

#### Paint

The panel radiators are painted with two layers of high quality paint.

1<sup>st</sup> Layer: The primer (wet) paint is implemented with dipping method and all surfaces of the radiator and the convector is painted.

2<sup>nd</sup> Layer: Powder paint (epoxy polyester RAL 9016). It is coated with standard paint thickness and therefore gains high protection properties.

#### Package

It can be carried without any damage thanks to its special protection package.

All assembly components such as console (wall hanger component), air relief cork, dummy plug, air relief key, lag screw, dowel, console crimp and hanger component are included in the package.





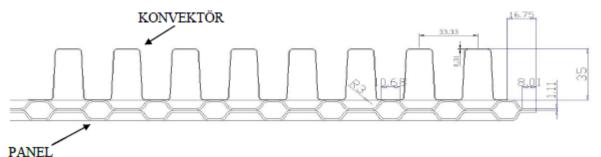
#### Standard

All radiators are manufactured according to TS EN 442-1 standard. "CE" Directive Produit de Construction 89/106/CEE No. 1623 BR 015 CETIAT RAL

#### Warranty

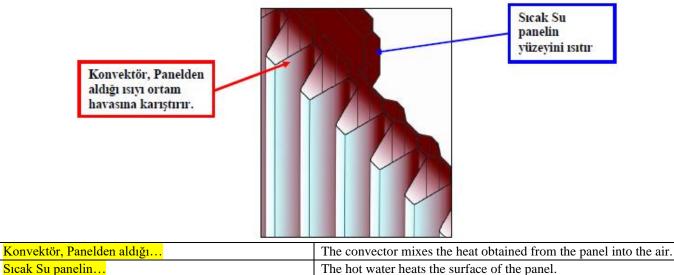
Sanica Panel Radiators are under warranty for 12 years.

#### MODELS



KONVEKTÖR	CONVECTOR
PANEL	PANEL

- Sanica Panel Radiators consists of Panel (P) and Convectors (K).
- The panels are manufactured from two sheets formed with grooves in automatic press machines and connected with machine welding in automatic benches. Hot water circulates in the channel created between the grooves. The hot water heats the surfaces of the panel.
- The panels are welded with a sheet formed with grooves. This sheet is called Convector. The air rising above between the convectors is heated with the contact of convector heating from the hot panel surface and mixes into the environment.





- The panel radiator models are separated by their panel and convector numbers.
- The panels (P) are indicated with convectors (K). For example, (PKKP) model consists of "Panel-Convector-Convector-Panel" starting from the back panel.
- The models may be indicated with numbers. The first digit of a two digit model indicates the panel number and the second digit indicates the convector number. For example, "PKKP" model is indicated as "Type 22" as it consists of 2 panels and 2 convectors. For another example, "PKP" model has 2 panels and 1 convector, therefore indicated as "Type 21".

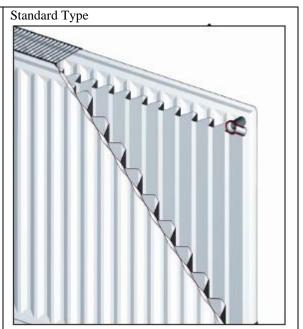
#### TYPES

Sanica Panel Radiators are divided into four groups as "Standard", "Compact Valve", Middle Compact Valve" and "Flat (plane)" types depending on their installation connection. The standard types are indicated as (S), Compact Valve types are indicated as (C), Middle Compact Valve Types are indicated as (OC) and Flat Plane Types are indicated as (F).

The Standard and Compact Valve Types has "slim types" for 20 PP and 21 PKP models. The slim types are indicated with (I).

#### **Standard Types**

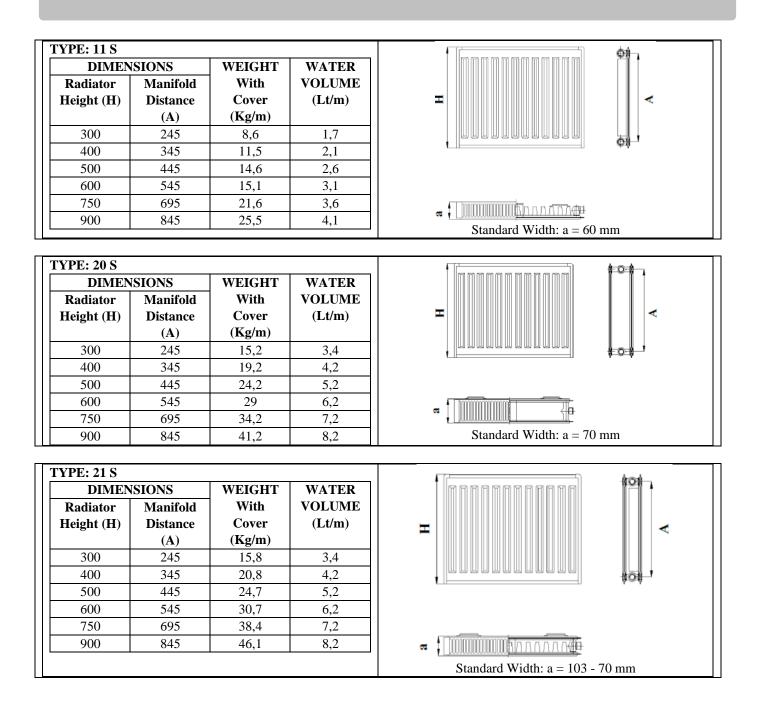
The standard types are connected with four welded T or L parts (for 10P/S and 11PK/S models) located on the sides of radiator heating installation. T part allows the radiator to be connectd to the installation with various methods. Thus, the radiator may be operated in different installations and special placement situations.



DIMEN	ISIONS	WEIGHT	WATER	
Radiator	Manifold	With	VOLUME	
Height (H)	Distance	Cover	(Lt/m)	
	(A)	(Kg/m)		<b>H</b>
300	245	7,6	1,7	
400	345	9,6	2,1	
500	445	12,1	2,6	¢P
600	545	14,5	3,1	
750	695	17,1	3,6	
900	845	20,6	4,1	



Page	8
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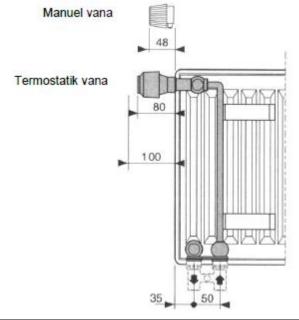
DIMEN	ISIONS	WEIGHT	WATER	
Radiator	Manifold	With	VOLUME	
Height (H)	Distance	Cover	(Lt/m)	H
0	(A)	(Kg/m)		
300	245	17,2	3,4	
400	345	22,7	4,2	ŧ <u>+ 0-₽</u> ,
500	445	26,05	5,2	
600	545	32,10	6,2	
750	695	42,6	7,2	
900	845	51	8,2	
				Standard Width: a = 103 mm
YPE: 33 S DIMEN	ISIONS	WFIGHT	WATER	
DIMEN		WEIGHT With	WATER VOLUME	
DIMEN Radiator	Manifold	WEIGHT With Cover	VOLUME	
DIMEN	Manifold Distance	With		
DIMEN Radiator	Manifold	With Cover	VOLUME	
DIMEN Radiator Height (H)	Manifold Distance (A)	With Cover (Kg/m)	VOLUME (Lt/m)	
DIMEN Radiator Height (H) 300	Manifold Distance (A) 245	With Cover (Kg/m) 23,37	VOLUME (Lt/m) 6,2	
DIMEN Radiator Height (H) 300 400	Manifold Distance (A) 245 345	With Cover (Kg/m) 23,37 31,26	VOLUME (Lt/m) 6,2 7,4	
DIMEN Radiator Height (H) 300 400 500	Manifold           Distance           (A)           245           345           445	With Cover (Kg/m) 23,37 31,26 36,69	VOLUME (Lt/m) 6,2 7,4 8,85	
DIMEN Radiator Height (H) 300 400 500 600	Manifold           Distance           (A)           245           345           445           545	With Cover (Kg/m) 23,37 31,26 36,69 45,11	VOLUME (Lt/m) 6,2 7,4 8,85 10,4	
DIMEN Radiator Height (H) 300 400 500 600 750	Manifold Distance (A) 245 345 445 545 695	With Cover (Kg/m) 23,37 31,26 36,69 45,11 51,40	VOLUME (Lt/m) 6,2 7,4 8,85 10,4 12,2	

#### **Compact Valve Types**

The radiator may be connected to the installation from below for compact valve types. For this, special connection components are placed at right, left and middle of the radiator instead of the T and L fitting components of standard types.

The entry and exit connection outlets to and from the radiator are located at the below. The upper section allows the installation water entered to the radiator from below to be distributed into the water channels and if desired allows the installation of thermostatic valve.

While ordering compact valve radiator, a radiator suitable to the installation must be selected. For example, if the pipe entry and exit is located on the right, the compact valve on right must be selected.



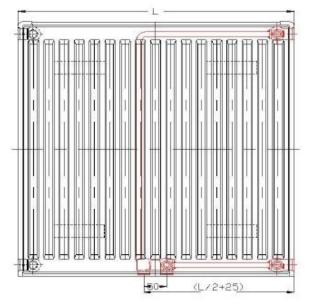
Manuel vana	Manual Valve
Termostatik vana	Thermostatic Valve



Page 10

The thermostatic valves are recommended for compact valve panel radiators. Each radiator may be commanded separately in thermostatic ways. The temperatures of the radiators are checked in an easy and economical way. If the valve is not be utilized, the upper connection outlet must be closed off with dummy plug.

#### MIDDLE COMPACT MODEL





The new feeding system of the compact panel radiators are made for double pipe feeding. The other properties:

- Kv system which is adjustable for the necessities and sink valve is located on the top.
- The sink valve may be operated with thermostatic way or manual way.
- The male feeding connection orifices which have diameter 20/27 are located on the bottom.
- For double pipe installations, the orifices in compact has copper and plastic connection components.
- For single pipe installations, the bypass components under the radiator which may be directly adapted are kept as additional materials. These bypass components allows the insulation of the radiator and adjustment of sharing coefficients.



#### **Double Pipe Version**

TERM		Adjustment	Thermostatic Valve	Manual Valve
			$\mathbf{K}\mathbf{v} (\mathbf{x}\mathbf{p} = 2\mathbf{K})$	Kvs
	The adjustable Kv sink allows a	1	0,09	0,09
	wide interval for load losses.	2	0,17	0,17
		3	0,23	0,24
Ayarlanabilir vana		4	0,30	0,32
Ayananabili vana		5	0,40	0,43
		6	0,53	0,62
		7	0,64	0,79
		Ν	0,72	0,87

Ayarlanabilir vana     Adjustable Valve
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#### Single Pipe Model Bypass

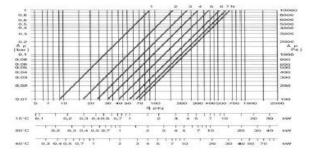


The adjustment screw is manufactured as 35% of sharing coefficient for thermostatic valve and 40% of sharing coefficient for manual valve.

Bypass	Thermost	atic Valve	Manua	l Valve
Cycle	Xp =	= 2K		
Number	Kv		Kvs	
1 3⁄4	1,45	50%	1,60	50%
2 1/4	1,63	45%	1,75	46%
2 3/4	1,71	40%	1,85	43%
3	1,85	35%	2,00	40%

Note: In this case, the adjustment ring on the valve is put to N status.

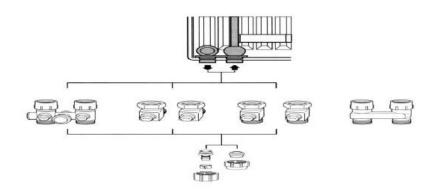
#### LOAD LOSSES OF COMPACT VALVE RADIATOR



 $q = \kappa_v \sqrt{\Delta p.10^*}$ ; Formula:







0.5 0.4 0.3 0.2 ( bar ) 0.1 0.08 0.09 0.09 0.09

0.00

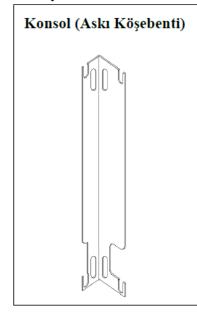
0.006

A p Pa



#### ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

#### Assembly Accessories

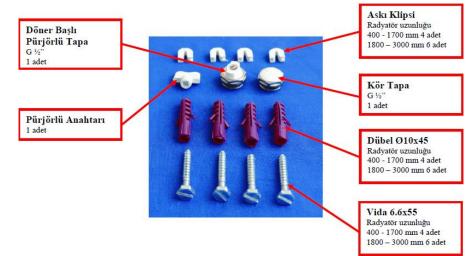


Height (mm)	Console Length (mm)
300	108
400	208
500	308
600	408
750	558
900	708

#### Konsol (Askı Köşebenti)

Console (Hanger Bracket)

#### Accessory Bag



Döner Başlı Pürjörlü Tapa	Rotary Plug with Air Relief Valve
	G ½"
	1 piece
Pürjörlü Anahtarı	Switch with Air Relief Valve
	1 piece
Askı Klipsi	Hanger Crimp
	Radiator Length
	400 – 1700 mm 4 pieces
	1800 – 3000 mm 6 pieces
Kör Tapa	Dummy Plug
	G ½"
	1 piece
Dübel 10x45 çap	Dowel, diameter: 10x45
	Radiator length
	400 – 1700 mm 4 pieces
	1800 – 3000 mm 6 pieces
Vida 6.6x55	Screw 6.6x55
	Radiator length
	400 – 1700 mm 4 pieces
	1800 – 3000 mm 6 pieces



#### FOR EFFICIENT OPERATION

The panel radiators is a part of the heating system consisting of heating device (boiler, central heating boiler, etc.), circulation pump, installation pipes, fittings, valves and other accessories. Efficient, economic and safe operation of a radiator depends on the efficient operation of other components of the heating system. Therefore, the steps provided below shall be considered before the selection and placement of the radiator.

#### - Correct Heating Device

The capacity of the heating device shall satisfy the heating necessity of the environment to be heating.

#### **Correct Installation**

The force of the circulation pump and the selected pipe diameters shall allow the circulation of the installation water without any restriction in the flow rate designed. The generation of air in the installation must be prevented and when necessary the air relief devices must be installed to relieve air from the installation.

#### - Correct Implementation

The implementation of the heating system shall be in accordance with the project and the standards. Before the commissioning of the system, the dirt in the installation must be cleaned. In case that the water hardness is higher than the desired value, the system and radiator must be equipped with a filter and water softening device for preventing lime and residues from collecting.

#### - Correct Insulation

The environment to be heated must be insulated in order to benefit from the energy produced efficiently. Therefore, the heat transmission from the environment is minimized and economic heating is obtained.

#### Issues to be considered for Operation

- 1- The efficiency desired from the radiator depends on the selection of the radiator suitable for the need and the conditions of placement. This booklet includes criteria, graphics and tables which may be used for selection of the radiator. The necessary warnings are made for placement. Before the selection of the radiator, these sections must be examined carefully.
- 2- The air stuck in the radiator must be relieved with air relief valve for efficient operation and homogenous heating of radiators.
- 3- The maximum operation pressure of the radiators is 10 bar. The radiator should not be operated over this pressure.
- 4- The radiator entry and exits must have valves. In case that there is a problem, the radiator must be taken out of the circulation by closing the valve without requiring the system to be stopped.
- 5- The water in the radiator must not be emptied even when the system is not operated for long periods. In case that emptying the water in the system is required during the reparations or maintenance of the installation, the valves of the radiator must be closed and water must be kept in the radiator. Otherwise, the corrosive materials generated in the radiator will affect the radiator negatively and may damage the installation.
- 6- The radiators must not be operated in open areas with a danger of freezing. The temperature where the radiator is placed must not go below 0 °C. If the water in the installation freezes, both radiator and the installation may be damaged. In case that the installation and the radiator must be placed in an environment below 0 °C, antifreeze agents must be added to the water of the installation.
- 7- The maximum operation temperature of the radiator is 110 °C. The radiator must not be operated for temperatures higher than this value.
- 8- The chemical cleaning agents must not be used for cleaning the surface of the radiator. The radiators may be wiped with a moist dustcloth.



#### **CRITERIA FOR RADIATOR SELECTION**

The efficiency desired from the radiator depends on the selection of the radiator suitable for the need. During the selection process, the pressure loss in the radiator, capacity changes depending on various water entry-exit and room temperatures must be calculated.

In addition, the method of connection to installation and placement conditions also affect the efficiency of the radiator. Therefore, these conditions must be considered for selection of panel radiators.

#### **Capacities in Various Environment Temperatures**

The standard "Heat-Power Values" in the panel radiators are made for 90/70 °C water entry-exit temperature.

This booklet also includes additional tables for various environment and water entry-exit temperatures apart from these standard values. If the data is in accordance with these values, the Heat-Power values may be obtained from these tables. The environment temperature and water entry-exit temperatures must be used to calculate the Heat-Power Values with utilization of "F Factor" (f) in Table 1 in various values.

#### Example 1 - Calculation of Heat-Power Value by using "F Factor" (f):

Radiator Type = 22, Height = 600 mmLength = 1500 mm (22x600x1500)Temperature of Water entering into the RadiatorTemperature of Water exiting from the RadiatorEnvironment Temperature: 22 °C

From the Table 1, environment temperature of 22 °C, temperature of water entering into the Radiator of 80 °C and temperature of water exiting from the radiator of 65 °C is found as **f=1.25**. The Heat-Power Value (Qn) of the radiator with dimensions 22x600x1000 is obtained as **Qn;=2139** from Table 3 in Page 28 with 90/70 °C enter-exit temperatures and environment temperature of 20 °C.

The Heat-Power Value for environment temperature of 22 °C, temperature of water entering into the Radiator of 80 °C and temperature of water exiting from the radiator of 65 °C:

#### **Q=Qn/f** Formula No. 1 Q=2139/1.25 = **1711.2 Watt** (1 meter)

In this case where it is 1711,2 watt/meter, the watt value of the radiator with dimensions 600x1500 we are operating is obtained as 1711,2x1,5 = 2566,8.

## Example 2 – Selection of Radiator according to the Environment Temperature and Temperatures of Water entering to/exiting from the Radiator by the Heating Needs calculated:

Calculated heat need	: 971 W
Temperature of Water entering into the Radiator	: 80 °C
Temperature of Water exiting from the Radiator	: 65 °C
Environment Temperature	: 22 °C

From Table 1, **f=1.25** is found. From Formula No. 1: **Qn=Qxf**=971x1.25=**1213.75 Watt**. The radiator corresponding to this value is selected from the Table 3 in Page 28.



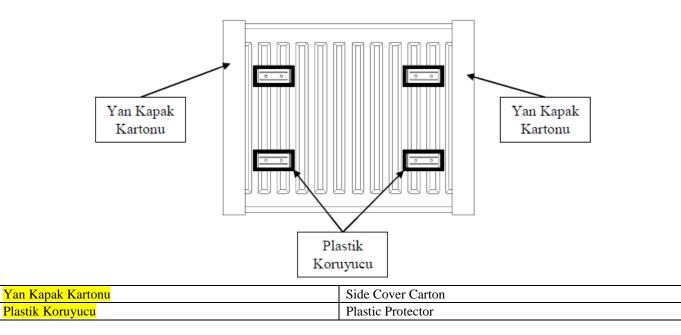
## Table 1: Radiator Capacity Factors depending on Temperatures of water entering to/exiting from the Radiator and the Room Temperatures (Table for F Factor)

TEMPERATURE OF VATER ENTERING TO	ROOM					TEMPE	RATURE O	F WATER E	EXITING FR	OM THE RA	ADIATOR °	C			
THE RADIATOR °C	TEMPERATURE °C	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90
	24	5.32	2.89	2.22	1.86	1.62	1.44	1.31	1.2	1.12	1.04	0.98	0.93	0.88	0.84
	22	3.66	2.5	2.01	1.71	1.51	1.36	1.24	1.14	1.06	1	0.94	0.89	0.85	0.8
95	20 18	2.95 2.52	2.21 1.99	1.83 1.69	1.59 1.48	1.41 1.33	1.28 1.21	1.18 1.12	1.09 1.04	1.02 0.97	0.95 0.91	0.9 0.87	0.86 0.83	0.82 0.79	0.7 0.7
	15	2.09	1.74	1.51	1.35	1.22	1.12	1.04	0.97	0.91	0.86	0.82	0.78	0.75	0.7
	12	1.8	1.55	1.37	1.23	1.13	1.04	0.97	0.91	0.96	0.91	0.77	0.74	0.71	0.6
	10 24	1.65 5.73	1.44 3.08	1.28 2.36	1.17 1.97	1.07	0.99	0.93	0.87	0.83	0.78	0.75	0.72	0.69	0.6
	24	3.91	2.66	2.30	1.81	1.59	1.43	1.30	1.27	1.17	1.05	0.99	0.94	0.89	
	20	3.14	2.35	1.94	1.68	1.49	1.35	1.24	1.14	1.07	1	0.95	0.9	0.86	
90	18 15	2.67 2.21	2.11 1.83	1.78 1.59	1.56 1.41	1.4 1.28	1.27 1.18	1.17 1.09	1.09 1.02	1.02 0.95	0.96	0.91	0.87	0.83	
	12	1.9	1.63	1.39	1.41	1.28	1.18	1.09	0.95	0.95	0.85	0.80	0.82	0.78	
	10	1.74	1.51	1.35	1.22	1.12	1.04	0.97	0.91	0.86	0.82	0.78	0.75	0.72	
	24	6.21	3.3	2.52	2.1	1.82	1.62	1.46	1.34	1.24	1.16	1.09	1.03		
	22 20	4.2 3.36	2.84 2.5	2.27 2.06	1.92 1.78	1.69 1.58	1.52 1.42	1.38 1.3	1.27	1.18	1.11	1.05	0.99		
85	18	2.85	2.24	1.89	1.65	1.48	1.34	1.24	1.15	1.07	1.00	0.96	0.95		
	15	2.35	1.94	1.68	1.49	1.35	1.24	1.14	1.07	1	0.95	0.9	0.86		
	12	2.01	1.71	1.51	1.36	1.24	1.14	1.06	1	0.94	0.89	0.85	0.81	-	
	10 24	1.83 6.76	1.59 3.56	1.41 2.7	1.28 2.24	1.18 1.94	1.09	1.02 1.56	0.95	0.9	0.86	0.82	0.78	-	
	24	4.54	3.05	2.7	2.24	1.94	1.72	1.56	1.42	1.32	1.24	1.16			
	20	3.61	2.67	2.2	1.89	1.67	1.51	1.38	1.27	1.19	1.12	1.06			
80	18	3.05	2.39	2.01	1.75	1.57	1.42	1.31	1.21	1.13	1.07	1.01	ł		
	15 12	2.5 2.13	2.06	1.78 1.59	1.58 1.43	1.42 1.31	1.3 1.2	1.21 1.12	1.12 1.05	1.06	1 0.94	0.95	4		
	12	1.94	1.68	1.59	1.43	1.31	1.2	1.12	1.05	0.99	0.94	0.89	1		
	24	7.42	3.86	2.92	2.41	2.08	1.85	1.66	1.52	1.41	1.32		1		
	22	4.93	3.29	2.6	2.2	1.92	1.72	1.56	1.43	1.34	1.25				
	20 18	3.9 3.28	2.87 2.56	2.35 2.14	2.02 1.87	1.79 1.67	1.61 1.51	1.47 1.38	1.35 1.28	1.27 1.2	1.19 1.13				
75	15	2.67	2.2	1.89	1.67	1.51	1.38	1.27	1.19	1.12	1.06				
	12	2.27	1.92	1.69	1.52	1.38	1.27	1.18	1.11	1.05	0.99				
	10	2.06	1.78	1.58	1.42	1.3	1.21	1.12	1.06	1	0.95				
	24	8.22	4.22	3.17	2.61	2.25	1.99	1.79	1.64	1.52					
	22	5.41	3.57	2.82	2.37	2.07	1.85	1.67	1.54	1.43					
70	20	4.25 3.55	3.11 2.75	2.53 2.3	2.17 2	1.91 1.78	1.72 1.61	1.57 1.47	1.45 1.37	1.35 1.28					
70	15	2.87	2.35	2.02	1.79	1.61	1.47	1.35	1.27	1.19					
	12	2.42	2.05	1.8	1.61	1.46	1.35	1.25	1.18	1.11					
	10	2.2	1.89	1.67	1.51	1.38	1.27	1.19	1.12	1.06					
	24	9.21	4.65	3.47	2.85	2.44	2.15	1.94	1.78						
	22 20	5.98 4.66	3.91 3.38	3.07 2.75	2.58 2.35	2.24	1.99 1.85	1.81 1.69	1.67 1.57						
65	18	3.87	2.98	2.49	2.35	1.91	1.65	1.59	1.47						
65	15	3.11	2.53	2.17	1.91	1.72	1.57	1.45	1.35						
	12	2.6	2.2	1.92	1.72	1.56	1.43	1.34	1.25						
	10	2.35	2.02	1.79	1.61	1.47	1.35	1.27	1.19						
	24	10.46	5.19	3.85	3.14	2.68	2.36	2.13			-				
	22 20	6.68 5.16	4.33 3.72	3.38 3.01	2.82 2.56	2.45 2.24	2.18 2.02	1.98 1.84							
60	18	4.25	3.26	2.71	2.34	2.07	1.87	1.72							
	15	3.38	2.75	2.35	2.07	1.85	1.69	1.57							
	12	2.82	2.37	2.07	1.85	1.67	1.54	1.43							
	10	2.53	2.17	1.91	1.72	1.57	1.45	1.35							
	24 22	12.09 7.58	5.88 4.85	4.32 3.76	3.5 3.12	2.98 2.7	2.63 2.41								
	20	5.78	4.13	3.32	2.82	2.46	2.22								
55	18 15	4.72 3.72	3.6 3.01	2.97 2.56	2.56 2.24	2.26	2.05 1.84								
	12	3.07	2.58	2.36	1.99	1.85	1.67								
	10	2.75	2.35	2.07	1.85	1.69	1.57	<b>L</b>							
	24	14.32	6.78	4.92	3.97	3.38					-				
	22	8.76	5.52	4.24	3.51	3.04	1								
50	20 18	6.58 5.31	4.66	3.72 3.3	3.14 2.83	2.76 2.52	1								
30	15	4.13	3.32	2.82	2.46	2.22	1								
	12	3.38	2.82	2.45	2.18	1.98	]								
	10	3.01	2.56	2.24	2.02	1.84									
	24 22	17.52 10.39	8.03 6.43	5.76 4.89	4.62 4.04										_
	22	7.65	5.35	4.89	3.58	1									
45	18	6.09	4.56	3.72	3.2	4									
	15	4.66	3.72	3.14	2.76	4									
	12 10	3.76 3.32	3.12 2.82	2.7 2.46	2.41	<u> </u>									
	24	3.32 22.55	2.82 9.89	2.46 6.97	2.22		-								
	22	12.78	7.73	5.81											
	20	9.16	6.3	4.96											
40	18	7.14	5.29	4.31											
ŀ	15 12	5.35 4.24	4.24 3.51	3.58 3.04											
L	. 2		3.14	2.76	1										



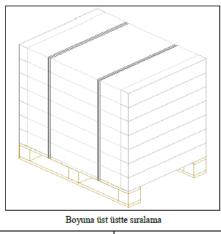
#### PACKAGE, TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE

Sanica Panel Radiators are packaged after they undergo all quality control processes at the end of the production line. The panel radiator is protected against external effects, frictions and impacts during the transportation and assembly processes with the rigid packaging conducted with great care. The sides of the radiator is supported with cartons from end to end and the hanger sheets are protected against impacts with plastic covers. After all surfaces of the radiator are wrapped in bubble wrap, a second protective plastic cover is wrapped with shrink method.



#### **Palette Package**

Sanica Panel Radiators are also packaged on palettes to be transported easily and safely after being packaged separately.



Boyuna üst üste sıralama	Lengthwise successive gradation
--------------------------	---------------------------------

#### **Transportation and Loading**

Sanica Panel Radiator palettes must be handled and transported with care and not dropped on the ground. The handling from a place to another must be conducted with a palette carrier instead of pulling or pushing. The radiator palette must be completely lifted off the ground and must not be subjected to friction. The necessary distances were allowed for ensuring the carrier to get under the palette.

A balanced and safe lifting method is recommended for transportation of the palette of radiators with any carrier.



#### PLACEMENT PRINCIPLES

The transmission of the heat obtained with hot water circulation in Sanica Panel Radiator is realized with heat transmission and radiation method.

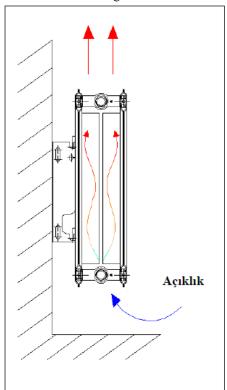
Heating with heat transmission is realized with environment air to enter into the radiator from the bottom. The air heats while passing through the convectors and moves up. Then the heat air mixes into the environment air which is colder after passing through the grilles at the top of the radiator and releases the heat into the environment.

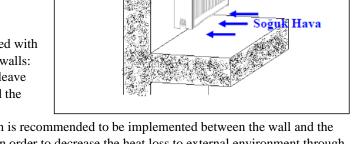
Heating with radiation is realized with radiation of the thermal energy obtained in the front and back panels of the radiator radiated to the environment.

#### **Recommendations for Suitable Placement**

The thermal transmission in panel radiators is mostly realized with heat convection. Therefore, for placing the radiators on the walls:

- An opening allowing the environment air to enter and leave the radiator with ease between the radiator, ground and the wall for ensuring an efficient heat transmission.





4

Insulation is recommended to be implemented between the wall and the radiator in order to decrease the heat loss to external environment through the wall behind the radiator via radiation and increase the efficiency of the radiator.

Dış Ortam

The cold air mostly enters to internal environment through the openings in the case and frames of the windows. There is a natural air circulation based on the fact that the cold air moves to ground and the heated air moves to the ceiling in internal environments.

The heated air exiting the radiator under the window mixes with the cold fresh air entering from the window. The heated air increases the temperature of the cold air. The heated air ascents to the ceiling and goes back down to the ground when its temperature drops. The cold air on the ground moves to the radiator. Thus the hot air exiting the radiator spreads through the room homogenously and prevents the generation of areas with different temperatures in the same environment.

In case that the radiator is placed on any wall other than under a window, the cold air entering from the window descends to the ground and moves to the radiator. The hot air exiting the radiator ascends to the ceiling and moves to the window. The mixture of hot and cold air in the internal environment therefore is not homogenous. Therefore, it is not recommended to place the radiator on any wall other than under the window.

Sıcak Hava	Hot Air
Soğuk Hava	Cold Air
Dış Ortam	External Environment
İç Ortam	Internal Environment
<mark>Açıklık</mark>	Opening

Sicak Hava

İç Ortam

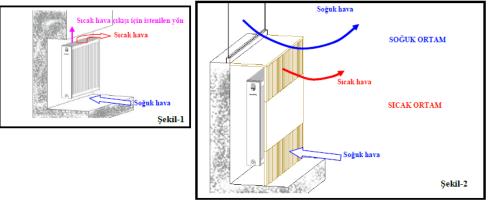
ak Hava



#### Issues to be considered in regards to Comfort

There may be a recession on the wall under the window where the radiator will be placed. In this case, the radiator must be placed in this recession. In some environments the radiator is covered with furniture for decorative purposes. The most suitable placement desired is to have the top and environment of the radiator completely open. When the top or environment of the radiator is closed off, the air circulation and thus the efficiency of the radiator decreases.

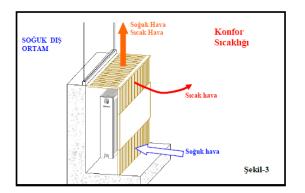
The placement conditions of the radiator and efficiency decreased based on this is given in publications numbered TS 1499 and TS 2164/2. The explanations given below are based on these publications.



Sıcak Hava	Hot Air
Soğuk Hava	Cold Air
SICAK ORTAM	HOT ENVIRONMENT
SOĞUK ORTAM	COLD ENVIRONMENT
Sıcak hava çıkışı için istenilen yön	Desired Direction for Hot Air Exit
Şekil-1	Figure 1
Şekil-2	Figure 2

Having the top of the radiator closed affects the comfort conditions. Since the hot air mixes into the environment before reaching the window, the environment of the window and windows will be cold (**Figure 1**). The cold air circulation also affects the sitting areas (**Figure 2**).

In case that the top of the radiator is closed off, a cover with a grille must be used to keep the top of the radiator partially open (**Figure 3**).



SOĞUK DIŞ ORTAM	COLD EXTERNAL ENVIRONMENT
Konfor Sıcaklığı	Comfort Temperature
Şekil-3	Figure 3

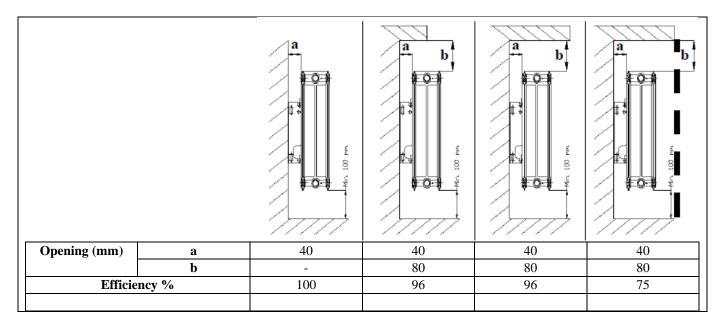


#### Page 19

#### Issues to be considered in regards to Radiator Efficiency

As a result of covering the radiator and the top of the radiator, the air circulation between convectors are affected and the efficiency of the radiator is decreased. In this case, the efficiency loss arising from this reason must be calculated during the radiator selection. The ideal choice would be keeping the top of the radiator completely open and ensuring openings minimum 40 mm between the radiator and the wall and 100 mm below the radiator as stated in TS 2164/2. In this case, the efficiency of the radiator is accepted as 100%.

In case that the window platform closes the top of the radiator completely or partially, the efficiency is indicated as given below.



For various situations where the environment and the top of the radiator is covered with furniture, the efficiency change is given in the figures given below.

			<b>b</b>	a b to the second secon						
Opening (mm)	а	4	40		40 40		40			
	b	100	50	100	50	80	80			
Efficien	Efficiency %		95	90	85	90	105			





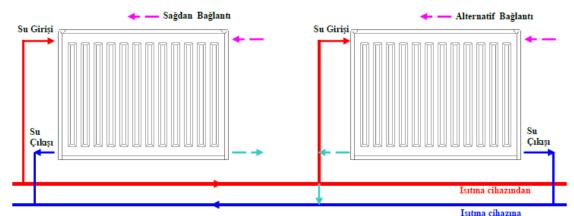
#### **Recommendations for Installation Connection**

The connection of the panel radiators to heating installation may be conducted in various ways depending on the placement conditions and radiator specifications.

It is suggested to put valves at the entry and exit points of the radiator connections. Therefore, the a single radiator may be separated from the installation by closing the valves while the heating system is operated and the installation water is not evacuated. The connection methods and information regarding the efficiency is provided below.

#### Heated Water will enter the Radiator from Top and exit from Bottom

The water entry and exit may be on the same side or different sides. The entry and exit may be done on the right or left side of the radiator. This property allows assembly according to placement conditions. It is utilized widely.



Sağdan Bağlantı	Connection from Right
Alternatif Bağlantı	Alternate Connection
<mark>Su Girişi</mark>	Water Entry
Su Çıkışı	Water Exit
Isitma Cihazindan	From Heating Device
Isitma Cihazina	To Heating Device

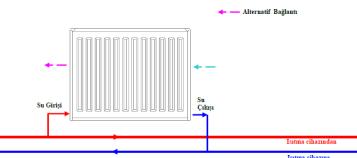
- Connection on same side or different sides affects the efficiency with the change of water flow in the radiator.

- In the tests conducted, it was determined that the efficiency was not highly affected until height of 3000 mm for various radiator heights on all types. Therefore, Sanica Panel Radiators may be connected on both sides up to 3000 mm which is the maximum standard height for Sanica Panel Radiators.



#### - Heated Water will enter and exit from different sides and bottom of the Radiator

It is preferred in cases where the heated water enters the radiator not from top. It is not suggested to be used unless it is obligatory. The water entering the radiator from the top spreads on the upper section on the water channels and then descends. The water collected at the bottom is directed to the exit. Thus, the surface of the radiator is homogenously heated. For entries from bottom, some of the water is directly directed to the exit from the bottom sections. Some of the water ascends. The water descending mixes with the moving water at the lower section. Therefore, the efficiency of the radiator connected from the bottom decreases from 10% to 20% depending on the radiator type, ratio of height and length of the radiator. This efficiency loss must be considered for selection of the radiator.

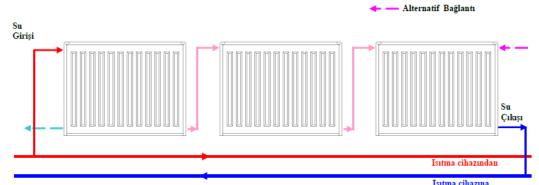


	Istina cinazina
<mark>Su Giriși</mark>	Water Entry
Su Çıkışı	Water Exit
Isitma Cihazindan	From Heating Device
Isitma Cihazina	To Heating Device
Alternatif Bağlantı	Alternate Connection

#### - Serial Radiator Connection

This connection method is utilized rarely when it is obligatory to operate more than one radiator; for example on a wall separately by columns because of construction specifications of the building. In this connection, the water leaving a radiator enters another radiator. Therefore, a temperature difference is obtained in each radiator. The water entry-exit may be conducted on the same side or different sides. For connections made on different sides, total heating power of the radiators connected serially is a little lower than the total of the thermal powers of the radiators separately. For connections made on the same side, total heating power of the radiators separately. Thus, connections from different sides must be preferred on implementation and the efficiency loss must be calculated in case of connection on same side. Depending on the circulation pump in the installation, total thermal load on serially connected radiators must be exceed 7000-8000 Kcal/hour.

#### - Seri (yan yana) ve farklı taraftan bağlantı

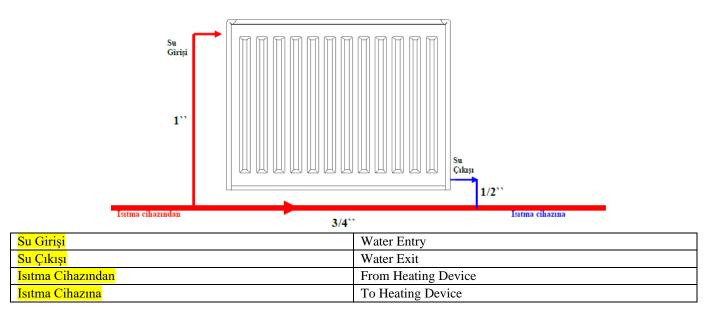


	Istrina Chazina
<mark>Su Giriși</mark>	Water Entry
<mark>Su Çıkışı</mark>	Water Exit
Isitma Cihazindan	From Heating Device
Isıtma Cihazına	To Heating Device
Alternatif Bağlantı	Alternate Connection
Seri (yan yana) ve farklı taraftan bağlantı	Serial connection on different sides



#### - Connection in Single Pipe Installations

Since the cold water exiting a radiator will decrease the temperature by mixing with hot water, the temperature of each radiator will be different for this connection. The pipe dimensions are of importance for an efficient heating. The radiator entry connection pipe must be selected bigger than the installation pipe to allow the water to enter the radiator and the radiator exit connection pipe must be selected smaller than the same to ensure complete circulation of the water in the radiator. In addition, the flow rate must be adjusted for each radiator with radiator valves to ensure circulation of the installation water and the flow rate of the first radiators must be decreased while the same of the last radiators must be increased.

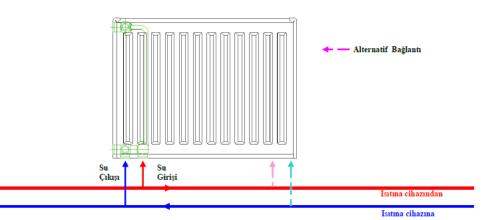


#### - Connection from the Bottom of the Radiators with Compact Valves

These type of connections are utilized for installations with covered pipes passing under the tiling and all installations constructed suitably. In addition, it may be preferred to decrease the piping aesthetically.

Sanical panel radiators are also manufactured with compact valves allowing connection to the installation from the bottom. The water entering from the bottom is directed upwards in the radiator with compact valves. The water is spread in the radiator as the connections from top and there is no loss of power.

It is suggested to utilize thermostatic valve heads with the panel radiators with compact valves. Therefore, the temperature may be checked for each radiator separately. While the radiator temperature is automatically checked, an economical heating is obtained.



<mark>Su Giriși</mark>	Water Entry
Su Çıkışı	Water Exit
Isitma Cihazindan	From Heating Device
Isitma Cihazina	To Heating Device
Alternatif Bağlantı	Alternate Connection



#### ASSEMBLY

The necessary assembly accessories for wall mounting of panel radiators are in a bag under the radiator. The hanger brackets are placed at the side of the radiator.

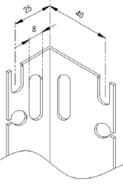
The radiators may be assembled before being taken out of their packages in order to prevent damages from occurring during installation processes. For this, only the accessories in the package are removed and the locations required for assembly are cut. The assembly accessories are taken out and the radiator is installed with its package.

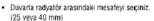
After the installation processes, the packages of the radiators are completely removed and the radiators are rendered operable. This method is specifically suggested for the buildings being constructed.

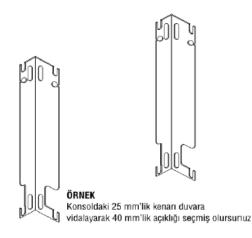
In case that the radiators are to be kept in the construction site or a storage area, they shall be kept in their packages.

The bag of accessories consists of screws, dowels, hanger crimps, air relief valve and air relief switch and dummy cork. The screw, dowel and hanger crimps are utilized during the assembly. Their numbers are given in the "Assembly Accessories" section in the Page 12 depending on different radiator types.

The connection outlets of the radiators are closed off with plastic corks in order to prevent foreign materials to enter into the radiator. The plastic corks must be removed during installation connection and the connection outlets must not be kept open for long periods.



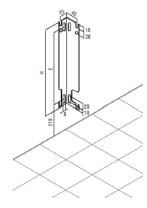




Duvarla radyatör arasındaki	Select the distance between the wall and the radiator (25 or 40 mm)
<mark>ÖRNEK</mark>	EXAMPLE
Konsoldaki	You choose an opening of 40 mm by screwing 25 mm side on the
	console to the wall

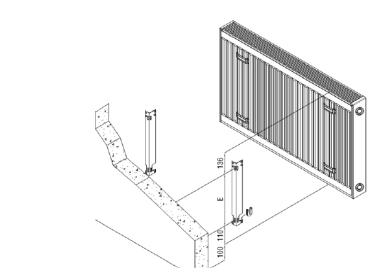
• Determine right and left consoles.

Radiator Height	Console Length H (mm)	Connection Channel Distance E (mm)
300	108	55
400	208	100
500	308	200
600	408	300
750	558	450
900	708	600



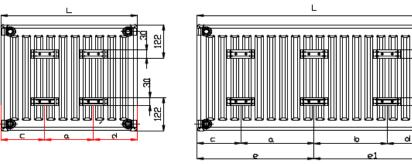


#### CONSOLE CRIMP ASSEMBLY



- Fit he radiator into crimps.
- Align the radiator to the console without using excessive force.
- Lock the console lock on the Mensol (Hanger Bridge).
- Plug a cotter pin into the hole located on the console lock for safety in order to prevent having it loosened.

#### Mensol (Hanger) Dimensions



#### For 4 Mensols;

Between 10 - 42 steps (400-1600 mm length)

Standard Panel R	Standard Panel Radiators and Panel Radiators with Covers													
Length	10, 11, 21, 22, 33													
	а	b	с	d	e	e1								
400-1600	L-270	-	135	135	-	-								
1700, 1900 2900	(L-600/2)	L-600/2	135	135	(L/2)	L/2								

For 6 Mensols;

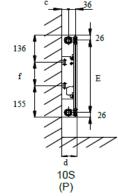
Between 43 –	90 steps	(1700-3000)	mm length)

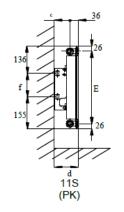
Standard Panel Radiators and Panel											
<b>Radiators with Covers</b>											
Length 10, 11, 21, 22, 33											
	e	e1	с	d							
1600, 1800,											
2000, 2200,	L/2	L/2	135	135							
2400, 2600,	L/ 2	L/Z	155	155							
2800, 3000											

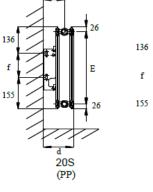


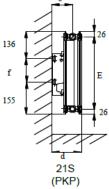
### Page 25

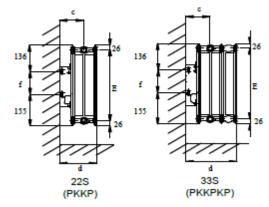
# ASSEMBLY DIMENSIONS











Physical Height	300	400	500	600	750	900
f	55	100	200	300	450	600
Bracket Distance E	245	345	445	545	695	845

$\bigcirc$

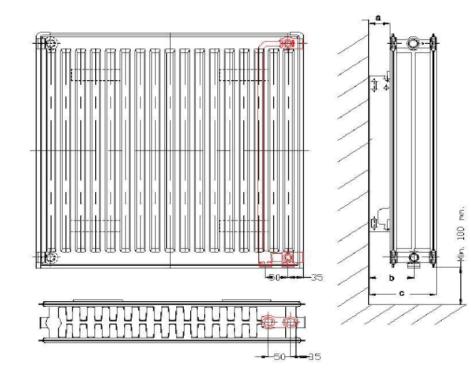
• Select the distance between the wall and the radiator (25 mm or 40 mm)

Туре	<b>Console Dimension</b>	С	d
10	40	28	64
	25	13	49
11	40	56	92
	25	41	77
20-21	40	69	122
	25	54	107
22	40	102	155
	25	87	140
33	40	102	213
	25	87	198

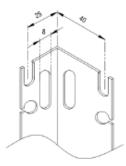


Page 26

#### COMPACT ASSEMBLY DIMENSIONS



Туре	Console	c	d
	<b>Dimension</b> a		
10	40	28	64
	25	13	49
11	40	56	92
	25	41	77
20-21	40	69	122
	25	54	107
22	40	102	155
	25	87	140
33	40	102	213
	25	87	198



• Select the distance between the wall and the radiator (25 mm or 40 mm)



#### THERMAL CAPACITY AT 50 °C AT 70 °C (75 °C/65 °C) WATER TEMPERATURE

	HEIGH	Т																																		
	(mm)			3	<b>300</b>					40	)0					5	500					60	0					75	0					9	00	
	Туре	р	PK	PP	PKP	PK KP	PKKPK	р	PK	PP	PKP	PKKP	PKK PKP	р	РК	PP	PKP	PK KP	PKKP KP	р	PK	PP I	РКР	PK KP	PKKPK	р	РК	РР	PKP	PKK	PKK	р	PK	PP	РКР	PK PKK KP PKP
	ROOM	ROOM					Kľ		KP P P KP										KP PKP																	
10°C	TEMPI Kcal				<u> </u>	1			1	r	r –					r	r –														r –				— T	
10 C		3	47 560	619	814	1032	1447	448	721	791	1029	1317	1841	544	876	948	1236	1579	2216	608	1012	1103	1419	1839	2532	719	1174	1271	1648	2119	2905	858	1384	1492 2	2047	2616 3576
	Watt	t/m 4	04 652	720	946	1200	1683	521	838	919	1196	1532	2141	632	1019	1102	1438	1836	2577	707	1177	1283	1650	2139	2945	836	1365	1479	1917	2464	3379	998	1609	1735 2	2381	3043 4159
	Btu /	<sup>hm</sup> 1	378 2223	2457	3228	4095	5742	1777	2860	3137	4082	5226	7306	2158	3475	3761	4905	6266	8793	2414	4017	4377	5629	7297	1004	2852	4659	5045	6540	8409	1153	3406	5490	5919 8	8124	10382 1419
12°C	Kcal	/ hm 3	31 534	590	775	983	1378	426	686	753	980	1254	1753	518	834	903	1177	1504	2110	579	964	1050	1351	1751	2412	684	1118	1211	1570	2018	2767	817	1318	1421	1852	2367 3235
	Watt	t/m	85 620			1143	1603	496		876	1139	1459			970		1369	1749	2454	674	1121		1571		2805	796	1300	1408			3218	951	1532	1652 2		2753 3763
	Btu /	hm				-													-																	
15°C	Kcal	/ hm	312 2117		3075	3900	5468	1692	-	2988	3888	4977		2055				5968	8374	2299	3826		5361		9571	2716	4437	4805			1098	3244		5638		9393 1283
10 0		3	10 500	553	726	921	1292	400	643	706	918	1176	1644	486	782	846	1104	1410	1978	543	904	985	1267	1642	2261	642	1048	1135	1471	1892	2594	766	1235	1332	1736	2219 3033
	Watt	3	61 582	643	845	1072	1502	465	748	821	1068	1368	1912	565	909	984	1284	1640	2301	632	1051	1145	1473	1910	2630	746	1219	1320	1711	2200	3017	891	1437	1549	2020	2581 3528
	Btu /	<b>hm</b> 1	230 1985	2194	2882	3656	5127	1586	2554	2801	3645	4666	6523	1927	3103	3358	4380	5595	7850	2155	3587	3908	5026	6516	8972	2546	4160	4505	5839	7508	1029	3041	4902	5285	6891	8806 1203
18"C	Kcal	/ hm 2	89 467	516	678	860	1206	373	601	659	857	1097	1534	453	730	790	1030	1316	1846	507	844	919	1182	1532	2110	599	978	1059	1373	1766	2421	715	1153	1243	1621	2071 2831
	Watt	t/m	37 543	600	788	1000	1402	434	699	766	997	1276	1784	527	849	919	1198	1530	2147	589	981	1069	1375	1782	2454	696	1138	1232	1597	2054	2816	832	1341	1446	1885	2409 3292
	Btu /	hm	148 1853		2690	3413	4785	-	2383			4355		1798	2896			5222	7327	2011	3348		4691		8374	2376	3882	4204			9608	2838	4575		6432	8219 1123
20°C	Kcal	/ hm	.73 441		641	813	1139	353			810	1037		428		746		1243	1745	479	797		1117		1994	566	924	1001			2288	676		1175		1957 2675
	Watt	t/m																																		
	Btu /	hm	18 513			945	1325	410	-	724	942	1206			802		1132	1446	2029	557	927		1299		2319	658	1075	1164			2661	786		1366		2276 3111
22°C	Kcal	1	085 1750	1935	2542	3224	4521	1399	2252	2470	3214	4115	5753	1699	2737	2962	3863	4934	6923	1901	3163	3446	4432	5746	7913	2245	3668	3973	5150	6621	9079	2682	4323	4661 0	6077	7766 1061
22 C		2	418	462	607	770	1080	334	538	590	768	983	1374	406	654	707	922	1178	1653	454	755	823	1059	1372	1890	536	876	949	1230	1581	2168	641	1033	1113	1451	1855 2535
	Watt	t/m 3	01 486	537	706	896	1256	389	626	686	893	1143	1598	472	760	823	1073	1370	1923	528	879	957	1231	1596	2198	624	1019	1103	1430	1839	2522	745	1201	1295	1688	2157 2948
	Btu /	hm 1	028 1659	1834	2409	3056	4285	1326	2134	2341	3046	3900	5452	1610	2594	2807	3661	4676	6562	1801	2998	3266	4201	5446	7499	2128	3477	3765	4881	6275	8604	2542	4097	4417	5760	7360 1006
24°C	Kcal	/ hm 2	46 397	439	577	732	1026	318	511	561	730	934	1306	386	621	672	877	1120	1571	431	718	782	1006	1304	1796	510	833	902	1169	1503	2061	609	981	1058	1379	1763 2409
	Watt	t/m	86 462	-		851	1193	369	594		848	1086			722		1020	1302	1828	502	835		1170		2089	593	968	1049			2397	708	1141	1230		2050 2802
	Btu /	hm	77 1577			2904	1											4444								2022										
		5	15/7	1/43	2290	2904	4072	1260	2028	2223	2895	3706	5182	1531	2465	2668	3479	4444	6236	1712	2849	3104	3992	51/6	7127	2022	3304	3578	4638	5964	8177	2416	3894	4198	54/4	6995 9561

TABLE 2



Page 28

#### HEIGHT (mm) P PK PP РКР РККР РККРКР P PK PP РКР РККР РККРКР Р РК PP РКР РККР РККРКР P PK PP PKP PKKP PKKPKP P PK PP ΡΚΡ ΡΚΚΡ ΡΚΚΡΚΡ Р РК PΡ РКР РККР РККРКР TYPE ROOM TEMPERATURE 1306 1673 1204 1570 2005 1801 2335 913 1491 1615 2093 2691 1090 1757 1894 2600 Kcal / hm 10° C Watt / m 1519 1945 1400 1826 2332 1629 2095 2716 1061 1734 2434 3130 2044 2203 3024 750 2823 3065 5102 5558 7149 9268 Btu / hm 3984 5184 6637 4777 6230 7958 3622 5917 8306 10679 14643 4326 6973 7518 10318 1244 1593 1146 1495 1910 1224 1334 1716 2224 1993 2563 Kcal / hm 12" C Watt / m 1333 1739 2221 1011 1651 1014 1112 1447 1853 995 2587 2318 2981 1207 1946 2098 2736 Btu / hm 4937 6321 4550 5933 7579 2919 4859 5294 6809 8826 3449 5635 13946 4120 7160 9335 1166 1493 1075 1402 1791 690 1148 1251 1608 2085 815 1331 1869 2403 Kcal / hm 3295 973 1691 2205 15° C 1357 1737 1250 1630 871 2425 2173 2794 Watt / m Btu / hm 3243 3558 4629 5926 4265 5562 7105 2737 4555 4963 6383 8275 3234 5283 5721 7416 9535 13074 3862 6712 8751 1003 1308 1744 2243 Kcal / hm 18° C 1167 1522 1944 2028 2608 1836 2394 Watt / m 1266 1621 746 2263 3320 4320 5531 3981 5192 6632 2555 4251 4632 5957 7723 3018 4930 5811 6265 Btu / hm 6921 8899 12203 3605 1029 1317 1236 1579 719 1174 1648 2119 1492 1945 Kcal / hm 20°C 1196 1532 1102 1438 1836 Watt / m 650 2139 1917 2464 3137 4082 5226 2414 4017 4377 5629 7297 2852 4659 6540 8409 11530 3406 5490 5919 7718 3761 4905 Btu / hm 1172 1497 576 959 1344 1743 681 1113 1562 2008 2754 813 1414 1843 Kcal / hm 22° C Watt / m 1134 1452 1045 1363 1740 1564 2027 1817 2336 1644 2144 2974 3869 4953 Btu / hm 1306 2107 3565 4649 5939 2288 3807 2703 4415 6198 7969 10928 3228 5610 7315 1113 1422 Kcal / hm 24° C Watt / m 1726 2220 3388 4418 5644 2174 3618 3942 5070 6573 2569 4196 4544 5891 7574 4945 5332 6952 Btu / hm 3677 4707 10385 3068

#### THERMAL CAPACITY AT 60 °C AT 80 °C (90 °C/70 °C) WATER TEMPERATURE

TABLE 3



#### WARRANTY CERTIFICATE

#### REPUBLIC OF TURKEY MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND TRADE ... PROVINCIAL DIRECTORATE OF INDUSTRY AND TRADE

#### WARRANTY CERTIFICATE

Date and Number of Approval of the Certificate: 23 ... 2004

The Provincial Directorate of Industry and Trade of the Republic of Turkey permits the utilization of this certificate pursuant to the Notice regarding the Implementation Principles of the Warranty Certificates which was brought into force based on the Law regarding the Protection of the Consumers numbered 4077 and the same law.

Arif GÜLDANE [SIGNATURE AND SEAL] Provincial Deputy Director On behalf of the Provincial Director

20882

MANUFACTURER'S/IMPORTER'S:			
TITLE	: SANICA ISI SANAYİ A.Ş.		
HEADQUARTERS	: GÜRPINAR YOLU, KAVAKLI KÖYÜ, B. ÇEKMECE/IST		
PHONE	: 0 212 876 60 60 (10 Lines)		
FAX	: 0 212 876 60 70		
AUTHORIZED PERSON'S			
SIGNATURE AND SEAL	: [SIGNATURE AND SEAL]		
PROPERTY'S:			
TYPE	: RADIATOR		
TRADEMARK	: SANICA		
MODEL	: ATTACHED LIST		
BANDEROL AND SERIAL NO.	:		
DATE AND PLACE OF DELIVERY			
WARRANTY PERIOD	: 12 YEARS		
MAXIMUM REPARATION PERIOD	: 7 BUSINESS DAYS		
SELLER'S	:		
TITLE	:		
ADDRESS	:		
PHONE	:		
FAX	:		
DATE AND NUMBER OF INVOICE	:		



#### **ISO CERTIFICATE**



# DET NORSKE VERITAS

### QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFICATE

Certificano No. / Certificane No. CERT-14466-2004-AQ-ISTZ-SINCERT

Stations che / This configer that

IL SISTEMA DI GESTIONE PER LA QUALITÀ DI / THE QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM OF

### SANICA ISI SANAYİ A.Ş. Kavaklı Köyü, Gürpmar Yolu Üzeri, 34900, Büyükçekmece-Istanbul - Turkey

È CONFORME AL REQUISITI DELLA NORMA PER I SISTEMI DI GESTIONE PER LA QUALITÀ CONFORMS TO THE QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS STANDARD

#### UNI EN ISO 9001:2000 (ISO 9001:2000)

Questa certificazione è valida per il seguente compo applicativo: This certificate is valid for the following products or services: (Otomori alternanti reportenti le seno i l'applicabiliti dei oppicatente al provi anno sonne constitueto in provinsione certificate Porter viertenne reportente le seno i l'applicabiliti dei oppicatente dei constante e provinsi constitueto in provinsione certificate Porter viertenne reportente le constitue dei applicabiliti dei oppicatente dei constante e provinsi constitue dei certificate Porter viertenne reportente constitue dei dei constitue dei constitue dei c

Panel radiator geliştirilmesi,üretimi setişi ve pezerlemesi

Development, manufacture, marketing and sale of panol radiators

Larger v data Place and date Agriete Brianza, (MI) 2004-07-30

Load Auditor: SERDAR SARAC

Settore EA: 17



per l'Organisme di Compleaneee for the Accordinal Unit Det Norske Veritas Italia S.r.I.

Lossards Omoduo Zarini

Management Representative



#### TURKISH STANDARDS COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

#### INSTITUTE OF TURKISH STANDARDS TURKISH STANDARDS COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

DOCUMENT NO.: 34.14.01/7279 DATE OF ISSUANCE: 04/10/2004

NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COMPANY: SANİCA ISI SANAYİ A.Ş. – KAVAKLI KÖYÜ GÜRPINAR YOLU ÜZERİ 34528 BÜYÜKÇEKMECE/ISTANBUL

ADDRESS OF THE MANUFACTURING SITE: KAVAKLI KÖYÜ GÜRPINAR YOLU ÜZERİ 34528 BÜYÜKÇEKMECE/ISTANBUL

RELATED TURKISH STANDARD: TS EN 442-1/MARCH 1998 "RADIATORS AND CONVECTORS – SECTION 1: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RULES"

TRADEMARK, NAME, CLASS, TYPE, DESIGNATION AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE PRODUCT PERMITTED TO HAVE TSE MARK

#### TRADEMARK: "DESIGN PERFECTION SANICA RADIATOR"

- RADIATOR HEIGHT 600 MM; PKKP22, PKP21, PK11, PKKPKP33 TYPES, MAX. OPERATION PRESSURE 7.7 BAR; RADIATORS MANUFACTURED FROM STEEL SHEETS
- RADIATOR HEIGHT 400 MM AND 480 MM; PKKP22, PKP21, PK11 TYPES AND RADIATOR HEIGHT 900; PKKP22 TYPE, MAX. OPERATION PRESSURE 7.7 BAR; RADIATORS MANUFACTURED FROM STEEL SHEETS (27/01/2005) K.G

04/10/2004	04/10/2005	04/10/2006	
ANNUAL VISA	ANNUAL VISA	ANNUAL VISA	
[SIGNATURE AND	[SIGNATURE AND	[SIGNATURE AND	
SEAL]	SEAL]	SEAL]	

Erol TURHAN TSE QUALITY CAMPUS PRODUCT CERTIFICATION DIRECTOR [SIGNATURE] Erdoğan TUNCER TSE QUALITY CAMPUS DEPUTY REGIONAL DIRECTOR [SIGNATURE] Fedai ÇETİN TSE QUALITY CAMPUS DEPUTY REGIONAL DIRECTOR [SIGNATURE]

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Necatibey Caddesi No.: 112 06100 Bakanlıklar – Ankara – TURKEY Phone: +90 312 417 35 80 Fax: +90 312 425 43 50 Email: <u>belge@tse.org.tr</u>



Page	32
i agu	54

INSTITUTE OF TURKISH STANDARDS						
	CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY FOR MANUFACTURING					
			KÖYÜ GÜRPINAR			
ADDRESS OF THE MANUFACTURING SITE:KAVAKLI KÖYÜ GÜRPINAR YOLU ÜZERİ 34528 BÜYÜKÇEKMECE-ISTANBUL/ TURKEY						
INDUSTRY REGISTRY NO.:	TF	RADE REGISTRY NO.: 613				
THIS CERTIFICATE WAS ISSUED AS A RESULT OF THE EXAMINATION CONDUCTED ON THE MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS TO BE MANUFACTURED COMPETENTLY BY THE COMPANY WHICH HAS ITS NAME AND ADDRESS GIVEN ABOVE PURSUANT TO THE LAW NUMBERED 132 AND THE CODE OF THE INSTITUTE OF TURKISH STANDARDS.						
Fedai ÇETİN TSE QUALITY CAMPUS DEPUTY REGIONAL DIRECI [SIGNATURE]	FOR					
<ul> <li>TRADEMARK, NAME, TYPE AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE PRODUCT IN SCOPE OF THE CERTIFICATE TS EN 442-1</li> <li>RELATED TURKISH STANDARD: TS EN 442-1/MARCH 1998 "RADIATORS AND CONVECTORS – SECTION 1: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RULES"</li> <li>TRADEMARK: "DESIGN PERFECTION SANICA RADIATOR"</li> <li>RADIATOR HEIGHT 600 MM; PKKP22, PKP21, PK11, PKKPKP33 TYPES, MAX. OPERATION PRESSURE 7.7 BAR; RADIATORS MANUFACTURED FROM STEEL SHEETS</li> <li>RADIATOR HEIGHT 400 MM AND 480 MM; PKKP22, PKP21, PK11 TYPES AND RADIATOR HEIGHT 900; PKKP22 TYPE, MAX. OPERATION PRESSURE 7.7 BAR; RADIATORS MANUFACTURED FROM STEEL SHEETS (27/01/2005) K.G</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>TRADEMARK: "SANİCA COMBO"</li> <li>TS EN 625/TS EN 483</li> <li>TS EN 625/SEPTEMBER 1995 "CENTRAL HEATING BOILERS BURNING GASES – COMBINED BOILERS WHICH HAVE NOMINAL HEAT LOADS NOT EXCEEDING 70 kW (COMBINED HEATING DEVICES "COMBI"), SPECIFIC CONDITIONS FOR HOT UTILIZATION WATER PRODUCTION</li> <li>TS EN 483/MARCH 2001 "BOILERS – CENTRAL HEATING – GAS BURNING – C TYPE BOILERS WHICH HAVE NOMINAL HEAT LOADS NOT EXCEEDING 70 kW</li> <li>C12 TYPE (HERMETIC) ELECTRONIC COMBUSTION, HOT UTILIZATION WATER PRODUCTION, SUDDEN HEATING GAS CATEGORY: CENTRAL HEATING BOILERS OF II 2H3B/9, COMBO S 24 kW; SUPER COMBO S 30 kW MODELS</li> </ul>						
04/10/2006 ANNUAL VISA [SIGNATURE AND SEAL]						
		I	<u> </u>			

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